# Status of the

# Iowa Workforce and Economy

#### Upcoming 2021 News Release Schedule

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Statewide News Release	Local Area News Release		
Mar 15	Mar 15		
Mar 26	Mar 30		
Apr 16	Apr 20		
May 21	May 25		
Jun 23	Jun 23		
Jul 16	Jul 20		
Aug 20	Aug 24		
Sep 17	Sep 21		
Oct 22	Oct 26		
Nov 19	Nov 23		
Dec 17	Dec 21		
Jan 25	Jan 25		
	Statewide News Release  Mar 15  Mar 26  Apr 16  May 21  Jun 23  Jul 16  Aug 20  Sep 17  Oct 22  Nov 19  Dec 17		

### Iowa Nonfarm Employment Seasonally Adjusted

Year	Month	lowa Statewide Employment	Leisure & Hospitality Employment	
2021	Feb	1,510,800	120,200	
	Mar	1,523,200	121,900	
	Apr	1,517,600	123,600	
	May	1,518,800	125,300	
	Jun	1,525,400	129,100	
	Jul	1,534,900	135,000	
	Aug	1,531,200	131,600	
	Sep	1,538,200	133,300	

# Iowa Workforce Development

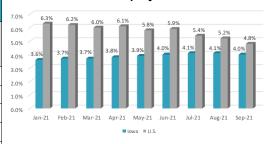
Information Prepared by the Labor Market Information Division

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## lowa and U.S. Unemployment Rates—2021



- lowa's unemployment rate dropped to 4.0 percent in September. The state's jobless rate was 4.7 percent one year ago.
- The state's total employment level climbed to 1,594,400 in September from 1,592,500 in August.
- The U.S. unemployment rate fell to 4.8 percent in September.

# Continued Weeks Claimed for Unemployment Insurance Regular State UI Program

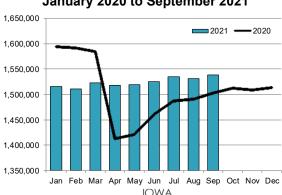


Source: ETA-539 report

- Unemployment insurance continued weeks claimed averaged 10,520 during September 2021. This compares to 61,540 in 2020 and 21,320 in 2019.
- Continued weeks claimed have been decreasing throughout 2021. They are now lower than the pre-pandemic levels of 2019.

- lowa establishments added 7,000 jobs in September. Jobs have now been added in four of the last five months.
- Retail trade gained the most jobs in September (+2,400). This is now the fourth consecutive increase for retail.
- Manufacturing rose by 1,900. Most of the increase stemmed from durable goods factories and were related to agriculture and machinery manufacturing.
- Leisure and hospitality increased by 1,700 jobs. Most of the jobs added were in eating and drinking establishments.
- Financial activities gained 900 jobs. This sector had previously been unchanged since June.
- Health care and social assistance decreased slightly in September and is now down 1,100 jobs versus one year ago.
- Total nonfarm employment is up 36,100 jobs over the past twelve months. The largest gains have been in leisure and hospitality (+13,800) and manufacturing (+8,900).
- Nationally, total nonfarm employment increased by 194,000 jobs. This gain was substantially lower than expected based on the last few months. The largest gains were in leisure and hospitality and professional and business services.

# Total Nonfarm Employment January 2020 to September 2021



WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT